Study of lipid and protein contents of freshwater crayfish, *Astacus leptoductylus*, in respect to length- weight relationship

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Introduction

The narrow- clawed crayfish, *Astacus leptoductylus* (Escholtz, 1823) occupies lakes, rivers, ponds and coastal areas in south part of Caspian Sea. It also inhabits some wetlands, such as Anzali Lagoon in Iran.

Introduction

determine and comparison of whole body composition in various organs respect to different sexes to get to proper catching age on a commercial basis.

determine weight of various organs of body, the length
weight relationship and proportion of meat to whole body,

Methods

Ponds were located at the Sefid Roud Fisheries Research Station, branch of IFRI in Giulan province in Iran. Sampling was conducted during different stages of life cycle.



Sefid Roud Fisheries Research Station

Methods

After biometry, body biochemical composition of different organs (cephalothorax, tail and chelae) were determined by standard methods (AOAC 1990).



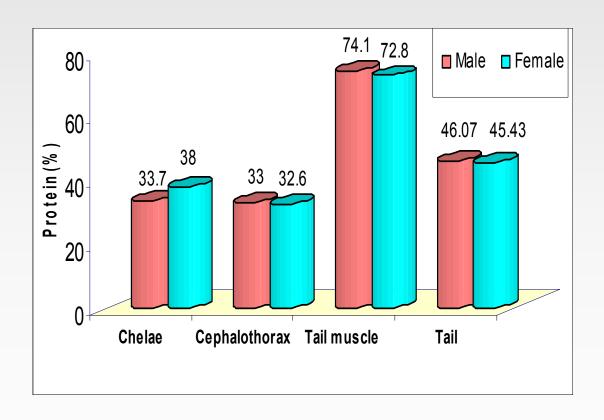
TABLE 1. Means (±SE) for whole body chemical composition of males in *Astacus leptoductylus* in different ages.

	Moisture	Protein (%)	Lipid (%)	Fiber (%)	Ash (%)
Variable	(%)				
Age					
120 days	63.28±0.4	45.7± 1.55	2.2±0.1	11.54 ±0.9	26.95 ±1.37
180days	67.83±0.1	43.78±2.82	2.3±0.1	12.15±.0.5	33.99±1.44
460days	65.94±0.1	38.98±3.2	3.03±0.12	13.51±0.6	35.75±1.85

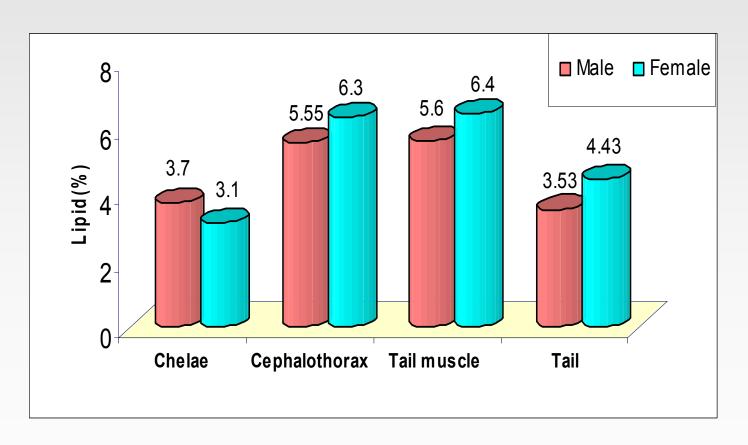
TABLE 2. Means (±SE) for whole body chemical composition of females in *Astacus leptoductylus* in different ages.

Variable	Moisture (%)	Protein (%)	Lipid (%)	Fiber (%)	Ash (%)
Age					
120 days	65.3±2.77	34.52 ±1.85	2.4±0.2	11.23 ±0.7	32.7 ±1.96
180days	66.9±3.09	35.24±2.81	2.6±0.2	11.77±0.4	34.30±1.65
460days	65.1±0.6	37.26±1.96	3.4±0.1	13.52±0.5	34.74 ±1.41

Protein percentage (%) in different organs of male and female, *Astacus leptoductylus*. There is no significant difference between means of protein percentage in male and female (P>0.05)



Lipid percentage (%) in different organs of male and female, *Astacus leptoductylus*. There is no significant difference between means of lipid percentage in male and female(P>0.05)



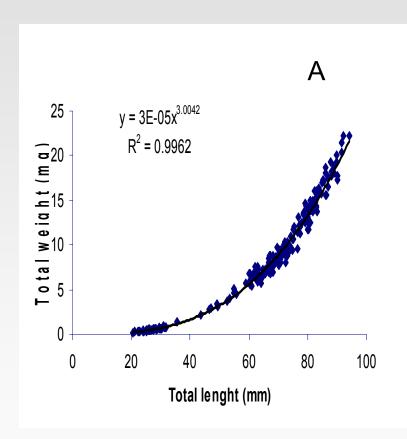
Relative weight percentages of edible and inedible parts of body in female crayfish, *Astacus leptoductylus* in different weight groups.

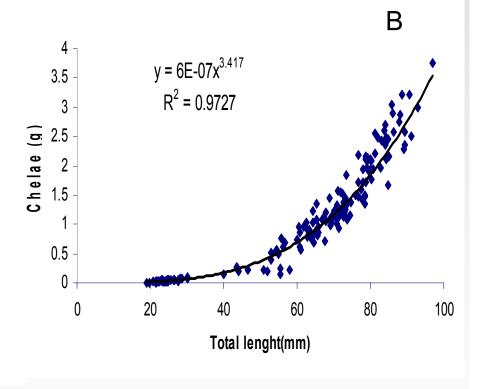
Tail (%)	Cephalotorax (%)	Chelae (%)	Weight
25.05±1.87ª	61.75±2.59ª	9.22±2.72d	<1 gr
25.52±1.35ª	60.04±2.42b	11.51±2.97°	1-5gr
25.09±1.43ª	59.65±3.43b	13.51±1.61 ^b	5-10gr
25.15±1.99ª	50.01±2.05 ^c	14.58±1.53 ^{ab}	10-15gr
24.45±1.17ª	50.03±1.66°	15.59±1.46a	15-20 gr
25.08±1.63	57.08±5.62	12.63±3.11	average

Relative weight percentages of edible and inedible parts of body in female crayfish, *Astacus leptoductylus* in different weight groups.

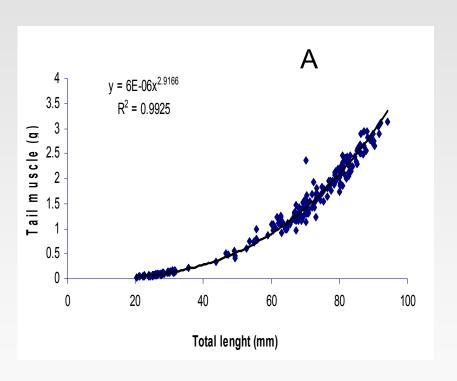
Tail (%)	Cephalotorax (%)	Chelae (%)	Weight
25.15±2.06a	61.73±3.16a	9.36±2.49e	<1gr
24.64±1.65a	60.43±1.75b	11.85±2.48d	1-5 gr
24.81±1.69a	60.15±3.50b	13.18±2.54c	5-10 gr
23.44±1.14b	59.32±2.20bc	15.70±2.20b	10-15 gr
22.43±1.15c	58.29±2.71c	17.02±1.84a	15-20 gr
24.25±1.88	60.12±3.08	13.16±3.56	average

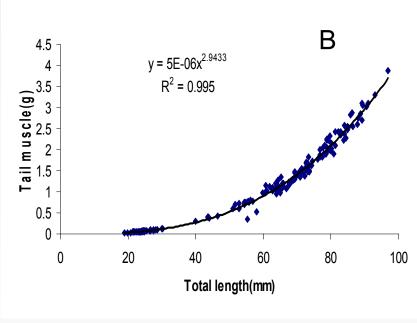
Total length - weight relationship of male (a) and female (b) crayfish





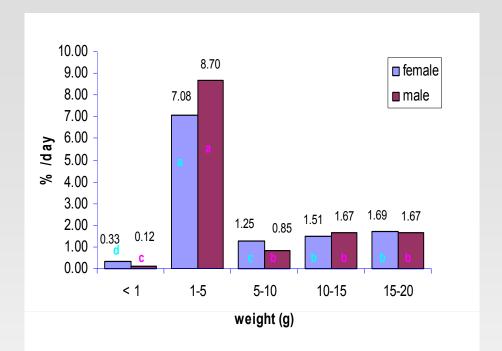
Total length – tail muscle weight relationship of male (a) and female (b) crayfish

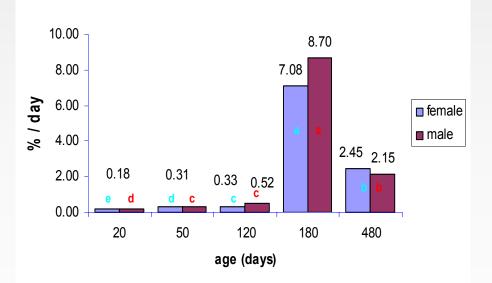




□ Growth specific rate of male and female crayfish in various weights

Growth specific rate of male and female crayfish in various ages





Conclusion

A.leptoductylys .Relative weight of chelae are significantly increased in crayfish with weight greater than 10 g, especially in male crayfish.

lipid percentages increased in both sexes in higher age. Although protein percentage was increased in female with age but reduction was observed in male. In both males and females, large crayfish