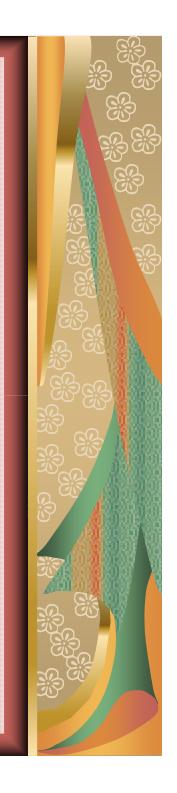


EFFECT OF DIET AND EXERCISE ON ANTHROPOMETRIC AND BIOCHEMICAL PROFILE OF THE SELECTED OBESE DIABETIC WOMEN

Dr.P.NAZNI, M.Sc.,M.Phil., Ph.D Lecturer, Department of Food Science, Periyar University, Salem, Tamilnadu. e-mail-naznip@gmail.com





INTRODUCTION

- Diabetes is one of the oldest diseases documented in medical literature before over 2000 years.
- Diabetes mellitus is emerging as one of the main threads to human health.
- World Health Organization estimated that there were 135 million diabetic individuals in the year 1995 and it projected that this number would increase to 300 million by the year 2025.
- India had now been declared by WHO as the "Diabetes capital of the world".



Obesity is an excess of body fat that frequently results in a significant impairment of health. Obesity results when the size or number of fat cells in a person's body increases.

Obesity does not create a psychological

burden. Obesity is a physical state, People

creates the psychological burden.

Exercise is an wonder full drug:

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*is freely available to almost every one. *can prevent or delay the onset of Type 2 diabetes

*controls blood sugar levels in people with diabetes.

*promotes weight loss and an improved appearance.



OBJECTIVES



To gather base line information of the selected obese diabetic subjects.



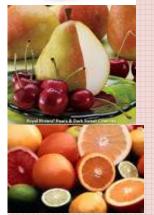
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To find out the effect of exercise advice and diet control on the selected obese diabetic subjects













METHODOLOGY

Type 2 obese diabetic women

(100) (Age,25-45 yrs)

With fasting blood glucose above 150mg/dl.

With post prandial blood glucose above 250mg/dl.

Divided into four groups

- 1.Group-I=No exercise (n=40)
- 2. Group-II= 30 minutes walking daily (n=20)
- 3. Group-III=30 minutes tread mill daily (n=20)
- 4. Group-IV=walking and treadmill of

15 minutes each daily (n=20)

All the selected subjects followed the dietary advice of 1500 K.Cal diet with the above exercise for the period of 2 months













PARAMETERS ASSESSED

INITIAL AND FINAL VALUES OF

- *Fasting blood glucose
- *Post prandial blood glucose
- Total cholesterol
- •Triglyceride
- Low density lipoprotein
- •High density lipoprotein (HDL)
- Body weight
- •Body fat





RESULTS

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE OF THE SELECTED SUBJECTS

Details	NUMBER OF RESPONDENTS		
	Number	Percentage	
Age wise distribution In years)			
25-35	46	46	
36-45	54	54	
Literacy level			
Primary school	10	10	
High school	43	43	
Graduate	23	23	
Illiterate	24	24	
Type of family			
Nuclear family	35	63	
Joint family	15	37	
Nature of work			
Sedentary	90	90	
Moderate	10	10	
Heavy	-	-	

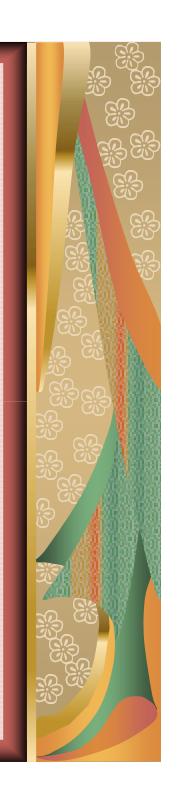


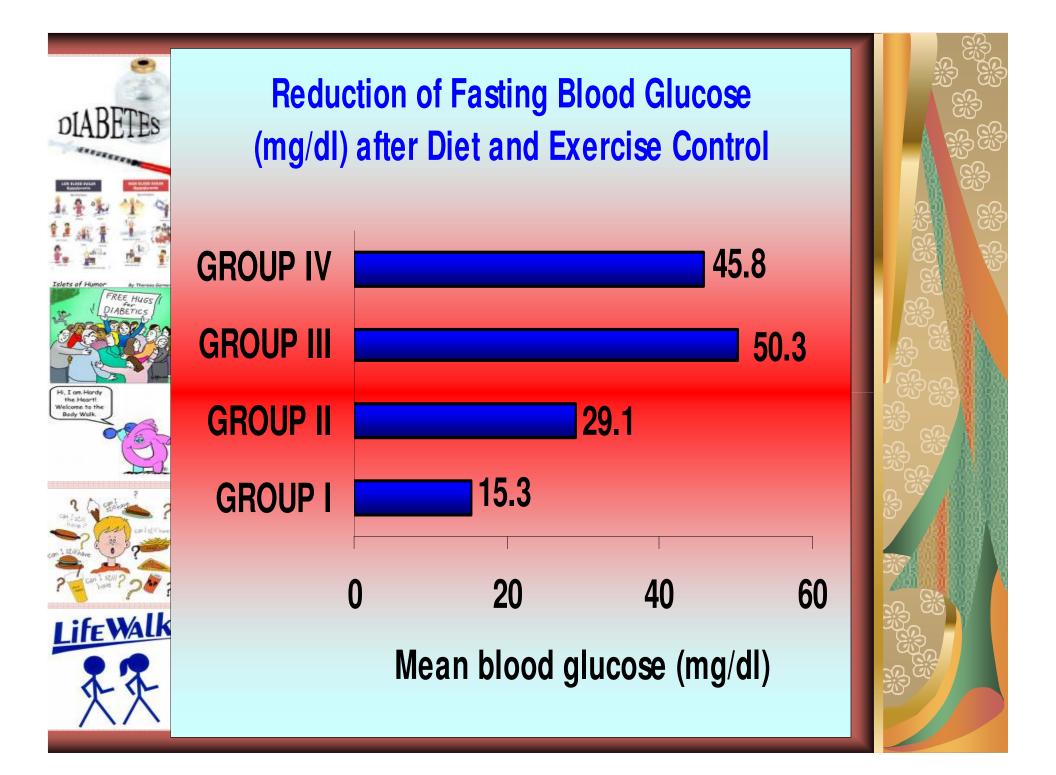
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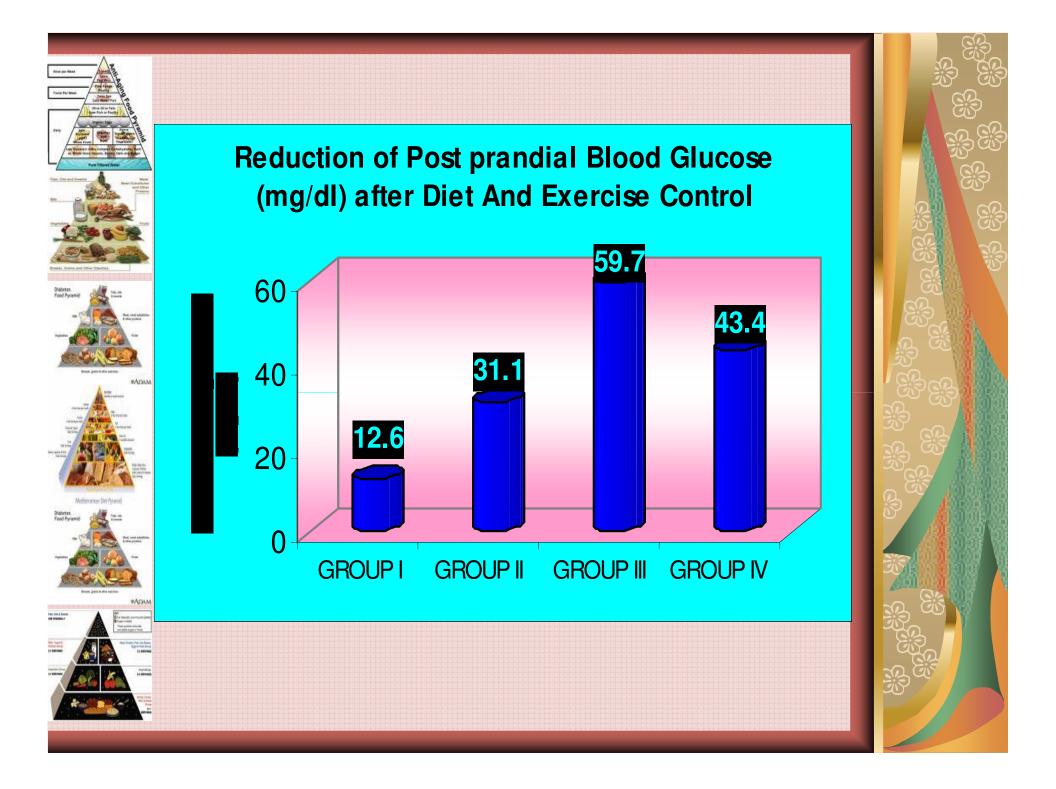
LifeWalk

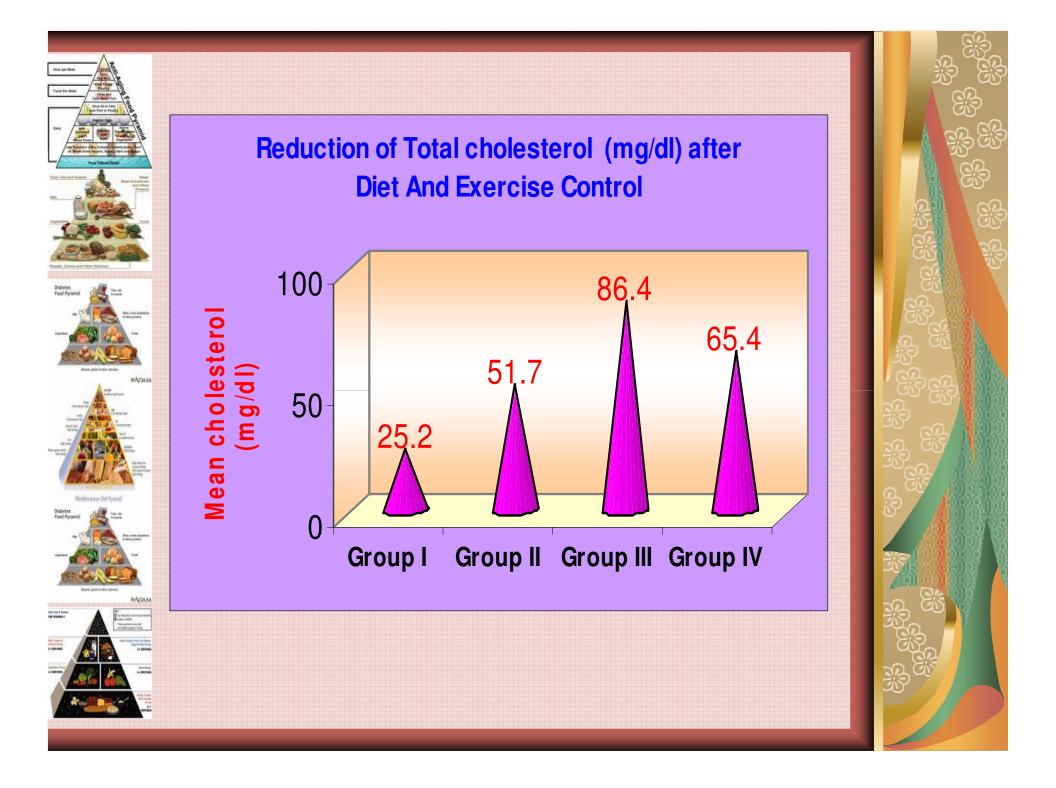
DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE OF THE SELECTED SUBJECTS

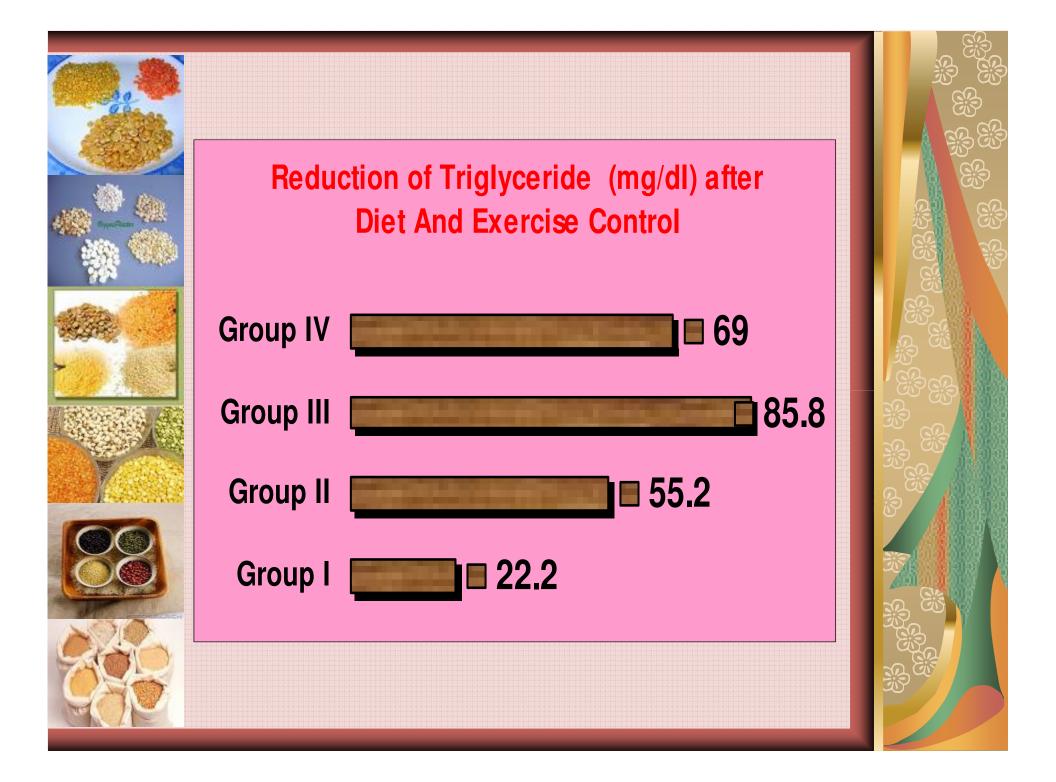
Dietary pattern			
Vegetarian	21	21	
Non-vegetarian	79	79	
Total income per month			
Economically weaker section (Below Rs.2100)	09	09	
Low income group (Rs.2101-Rs.4500)	26	28	
Middle income group (Rs.4501-Rs.7500)	43	43	
High income group (Above Rs.7501)	22	22	
Percentage of income spent on food			
20-40	20	20	
41-60	41	41	
61-80	30	30	
Above 80	09	09	

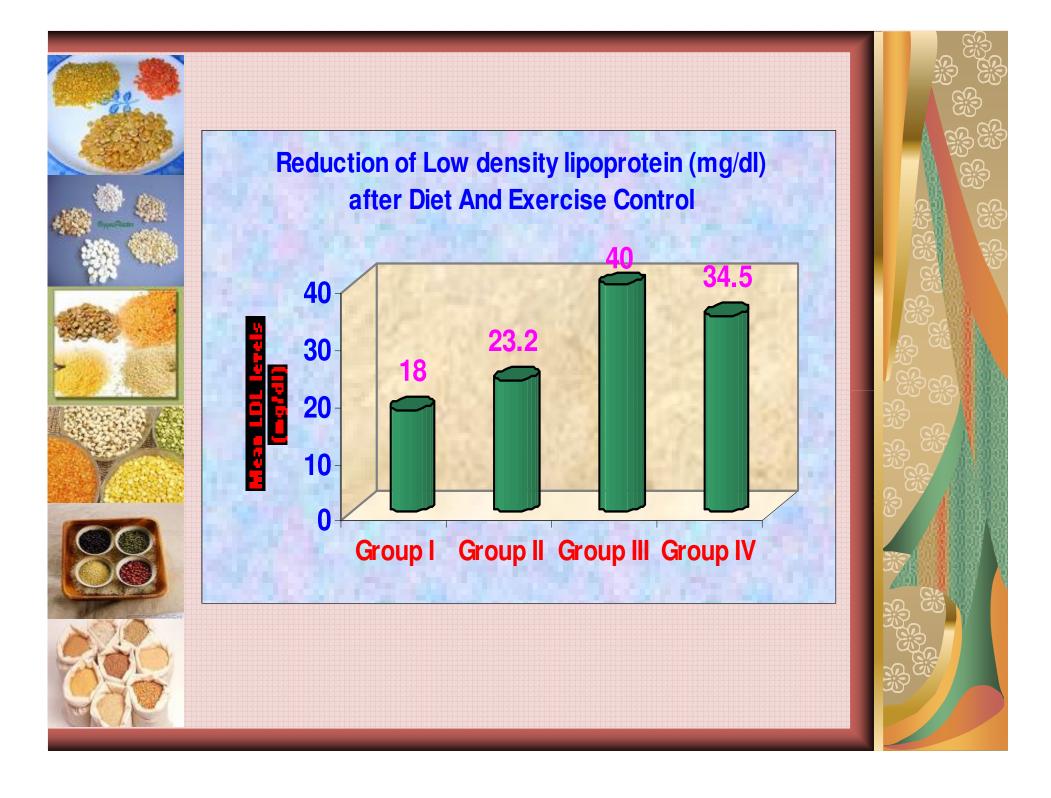


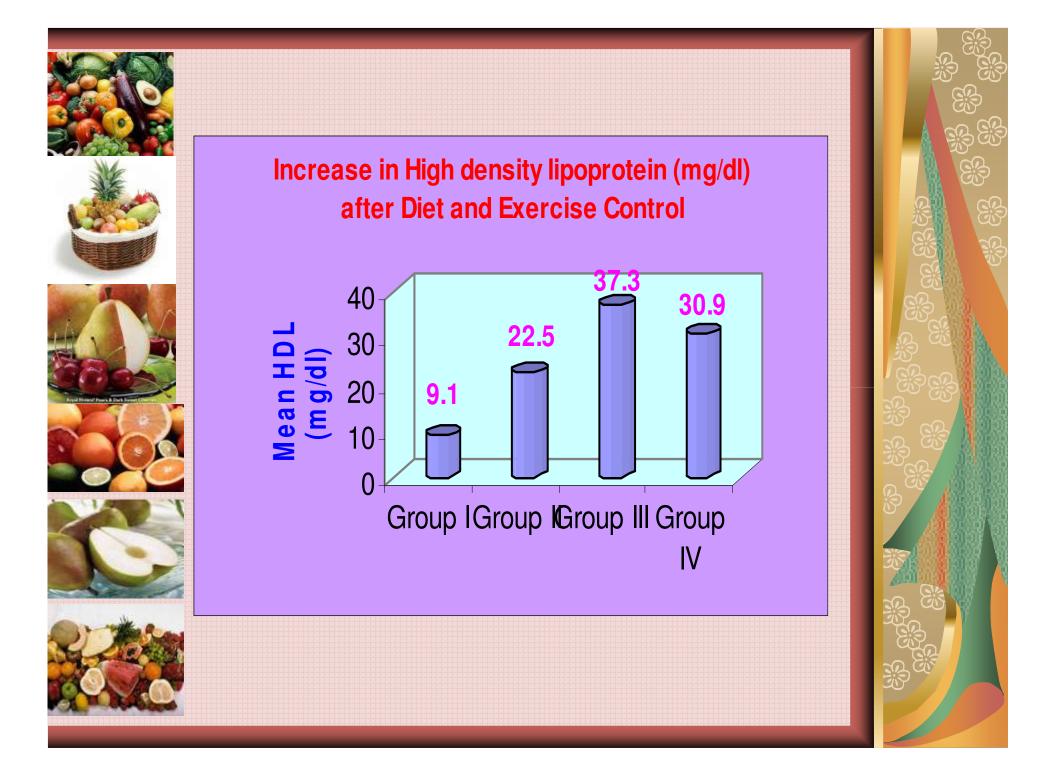


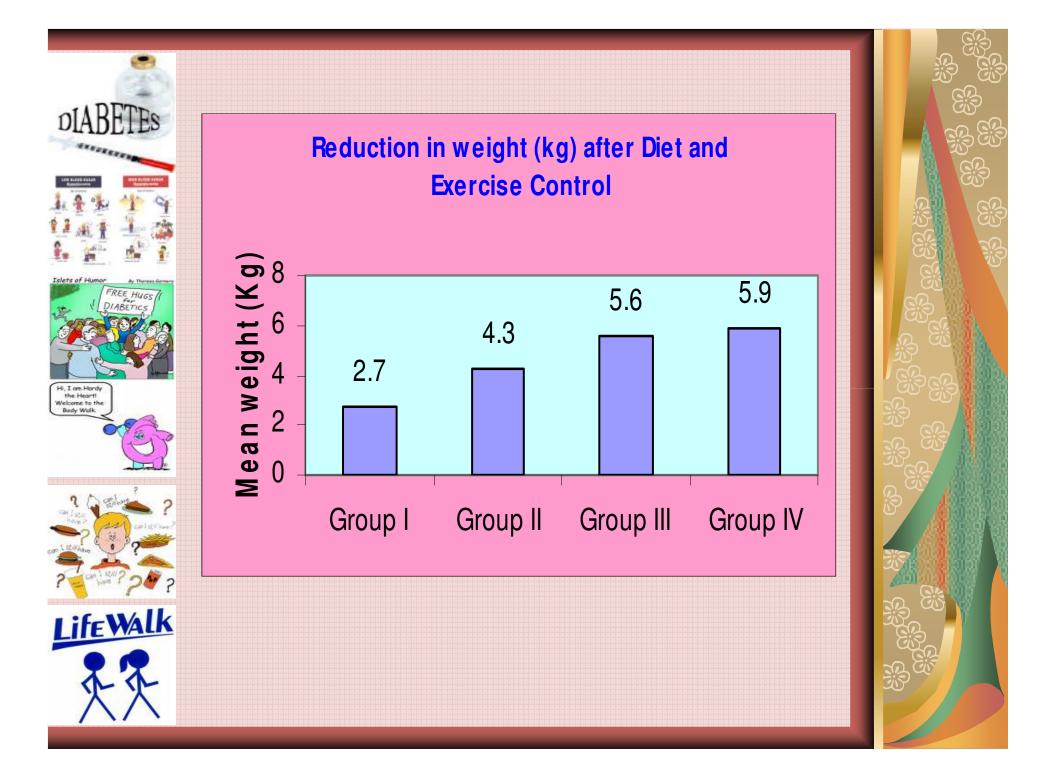


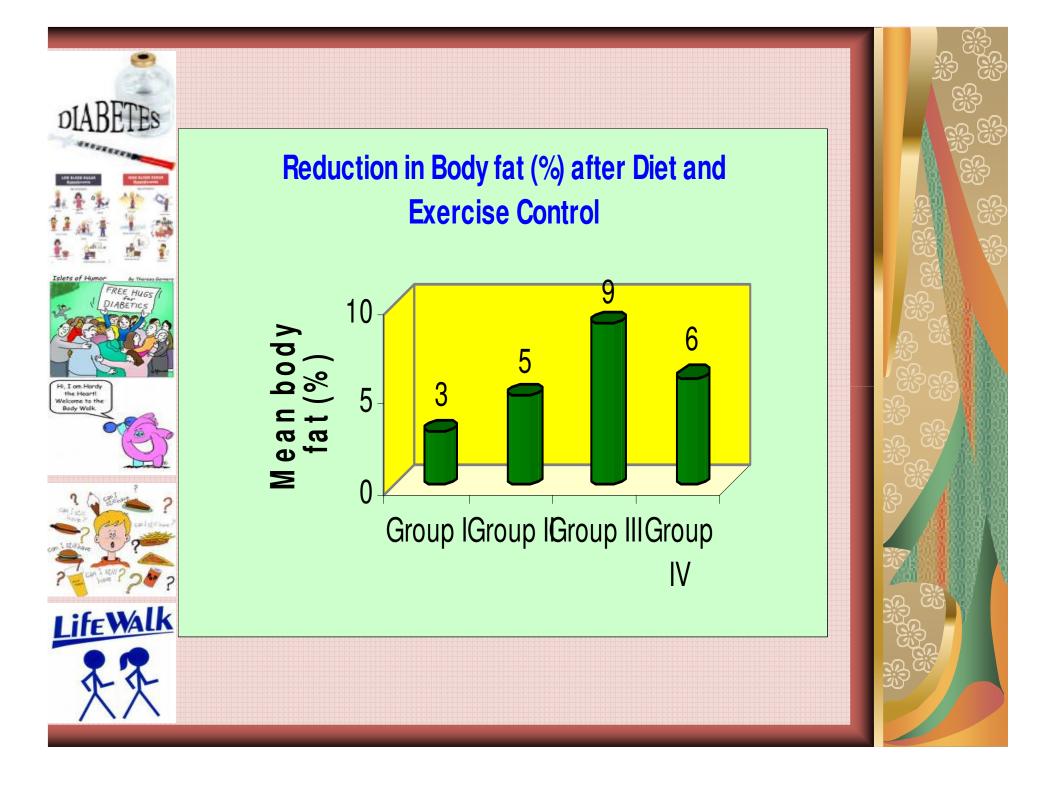






















CONCLUSION

Thus the changes found to be remarkable among the grouped women who were advised with diet control and treadmill exercise (Group III) as compared to other groups

Thus the diet being an integral component, the exercise act as a wonderful drug in treating the obese diabetic women.



