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# Canola Diseases in Western Australia

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## Canola disease issues

- Blackleg **Very wide spread**
- Sclerotinia stem rot **Common in NAR**
- Downy mildew **Isolated incidence in HR**
- White leaf spot **Common but low impact**
- Club root **Perceived risk to NAR**
- Charcoal rot **Identified in CAR**
- Beet Western Yellows Virus **Common and damaging**
- Root Lesion Nematodes **Common and damaging?**

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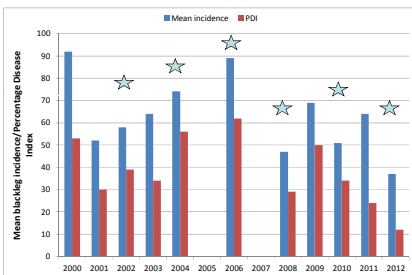
## Reporting seasonal occurrence of canola diseases in WA

- Pestfax Map
  - Advisors
  - Growers
  - Researchers
  - Extension Specialists
  - Diagnostic Services
  - Growers Groups
- Canola disease surveys



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## Blackleg incidence severity in WA 2000-2012

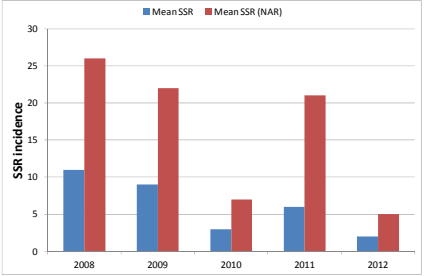


Year	Mean incidence	FDI
2000	90	55
2001	55	35
2002	60	40
2003	65	45
2004	75	55
2005	85	65
2006	90	65
2007	50	35
2008	65	50
2009	55	40
2010	65	35
2011	40	25
2012	15	10

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## Sclerotinia stem rot



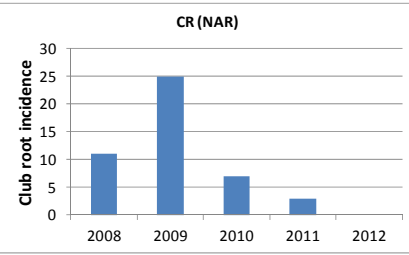
Year	Mean SSR	Mean SSR (NAR)
2008	11	26
2009	9	22
2010	3	7
2011	6	21
2012	2	5

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## Club root

### CR (NAR)

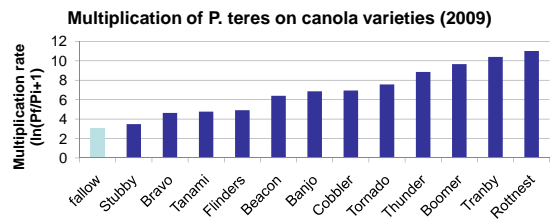


Year	Club root incidence
2008	11
2009	25
2010	7
2011	3
2012	0

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### Nematodes in canola– Katanning 2009

- Canola...increases in *P. teres*



Courtesy S. Collins

### Better managing blackleg - Foliar fungicides an additional tool

Treatment	Fung Cost/ha (\$)	Grain Yield (t/ha)	Gross return/ha (\$)	Profit over untreated (\$)
Nil	0	1.69	845	0
Jockey®	4	1.95	975	121
Impact® –in-furrow	8	2.17	1085	227
Impact® foliar (single spray at 400ml)	8	2.09	1045	187
Impact® foliar (two sprays at 200ml)	8	2.32	1160	297
Prosaro (single spray at 400ml)	26	2.16	1080	204
Prosaro (two sprays at 200ml)	26	2.19	1095	214
Canola price	500			
Cost of fungicide application	5			



### Better Managing blackleg – National linkages

- Staying ahead of blackleg
  - monitoring blackleg populations
- Blackleg ratings project
  - disease nurseries

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### Better managing SSR –new fungicide

*Fungicide efficacy trial (Two sprays, one each at 10 and 40% bloom)*

	Cost/ha	Yield (t/ha)	Gross return/ha	Profit over untreated
Untreated	0.00	2.21	\$1105	
Rovral 2L/ha	\$36.00 x 2 = \$72.00	2.57	\$1285	\$98
Prosaro 375ml/ha	\$24.70 x 2 = \$49.40	2.78	\$1390	\$225
Prosaro 525ml/ha	\$34.65 x 2 = \$69.30	2.85	\$1425	\$240
Fortress 500 1L/ha	\$65 x 2 = \$130	2.57	\$1285	\$40
Amistar xtra 2L/ha	\$140 x 2 = \$280	2.54	\$1270	-\$125
Filan 2L/ha	\$178 x 2 = \$356	2.61	\$1305	-\$166
Application cost	\$5.00 (single application)			
Canola price	\$500			

### Better managing SSR –new fungicide

*Opportunistic trial (single spray at 15% bloom)*

	Cost/ha	Yield (t/ha)	Gross return/ha	Profit over untreated
Untreated		2.7	\$1350	
Rovral 2L/ha	\$36.00	2.94	\$1470	\$79
Prosaro 575ml/ha	\$34.65	3.17	\$1585	\$200
Application cost	\$5.00 (single application)			
Canola price	\$500			

### Better managing SSR – Identifying sources of resistance

- Glasshouse experiments
  - Macerated mycelium inoculations (intact cotyledons)
  - Agar plug inoculations
  - Used about 30 different isolates
  - 20 genotypes (experiments repeated 4-5 times)
- Field experiment
  - Stem inoculations

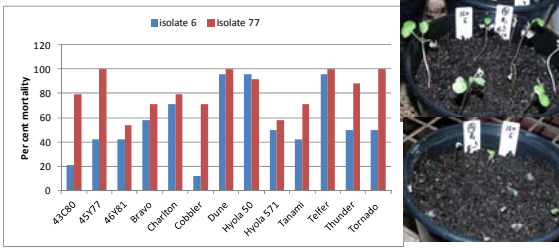
### Drop inoculations with macerated mycelium



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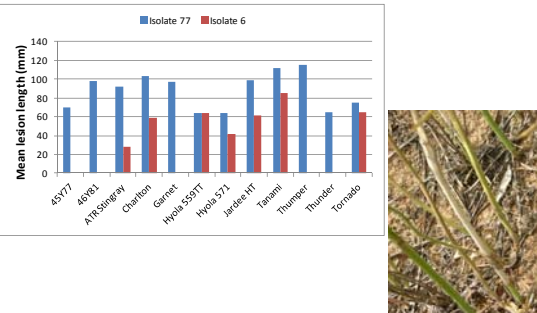
### SSR Research – Glasshouse screening for resistance (Agar plug)



Variety	Isolate 6 (%)	Isolate 77 (%)
A3280	20	80
45177	40	100
45191	50	60
Bravo	60	70
Charlton	70	80
Cobblers	10	70
Dane	100	100
Hopla 50	90	90
Hopla 571	50	60
Tanami	60	70
Teller	100	100
Thunder	50	80
Tornado	50	100

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### SSR Research - Field screening for resistance



Variety	Isolate 77 (mm)	Isolate 6 (mm)
45177	70	70
45191	100	30
ATT 5109/94	90	60
Charlton	100	60
Garnet	90	60
Hopla 5557T	60	60
Hopla 571	60	40
Jardale HT	100	60
Tanami	110	80
Thunder	110	60
Thunder	60	60
Tornado	70	60

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### Pros & Cons of Seedling vs Adult Plant Screening

<p><b>Seedling screening</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rapid and easy 😊</li> <li>• Disease pressure extreme</li> <li>• Resistance identified at seedling stage may not express at AP stage</li> </ul>	<p><b>Adult plant screening</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Slow and cumbersome</li> <li>• Disease pressure reasonable 😊</li> <li>• No such issues with AP screening 😊</li> </ul>
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Both methodologies identified pathogenic variations

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### Conclusions


- Blackleg and Sclerotinia are the most economically important diseases in Western Australia.
- Other foliar diseases are present but sporadic
- Club root has significance in the Northern Agricultural Region and requires constant vigilance
- Seasonal conditions play a major role in the occurrence of these diseases
- We need good site and season specific management tactics
- We need better understanding of new variety reactions and yield loss, particularly for RR canola

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### Acknowledgements

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**THANK YOU**

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